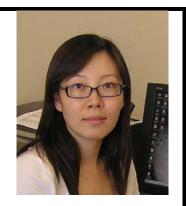
## MORE Science at UTSA Environment Science and Engineering Spring 2007 Seminar Series

Where: Loeffler room (3.03.02) in the BioScience Building

When: 4:00 PM – 5:00 PM on January 26, 2007

## Snack and drinks will be served

Speaker: Dr. Feng Qi



Dr. Feng Qi is currently Assistant Professor of Geography in the <u>Department of Political Science and Geography</u>, <u>UTSA</u>, where she teaches classes in GIS and physical geography. She received her B.Sc. from <u>Peking University</u> in 1997, M.Sc. from the <u>University of Wisconsin-Madison</u> in 2001, and Ph.D. from the <u>University of Wisconsin-Madison</u> in 2005. She joined the faculty at UTSA in 2006.

Dr. Qi's research areas are GIS, spatial analysis, data mining, and environmental modeling. Her recent research projects are focused on soil mapping using GIS and Artificial Intelligence techniques, funded by the USDA.

Topic: Soil mapping using GIS and Artificial Intelligence techniques

The traditional method of conducting soil surveys is very inefficient (costly, time-consuming, and of low quality) due to many limitations. With 0.9 billion hectares of land in the United States and a current rate of soil survey updating at approximately 4 million hectares per year, it will take 220 years to update all of the soil surveys in the U.S. This rate of soil information production certainly cannot meet the needs of Information Age land resource management and other geographical analysis. Automated soil mapping techniques are needed to move soil survey to a more acceptable update rate and to a product that can be continually updated efficiently and accurately. GIS and Artificial Intelligence techniques can be utilized for this purpose. Presented here are efforts taken to create detailed soil series maps using 3d visualization, case-based reasoning, and data mining.